

Quantifiers

- $\forall x: D. P(x)$ — $P(x)$ is true for every x in D
 $\exists x: D. P(x)$ — $P(x)$ is true for at least one x in D .

eg.

① $\forall n: \mathbb{N}. \exists z: \mathbb{Z}. n < z$ True!

For every n , there will always be some z bigger than it.

② $\forall z: \mathbb{Z}. \exists n: \mathbb{N}. z < n$ True!

③ $\forall z: \mathbb{Z}. \exists n: \mathbb{N}. n < z$ False — eg. $z = -5$; no $\mathbb{N}$ is smaller.

④ $\exists n: \mathbb{N}. \forall z: \mathbb{Z}. n < z$ False.

⑤ $\exists z: \mathbb{Z}. (\forall n: \mathbb{N}. (z < n))$ True — eg. $z = -13$.

eg. ① "Every natural number is less than or equal to its own square."

$$\forall n: \mathbb{N}. n \leq n^2.$$

② "The square of any integer is nonnegative"

$$\forall z: \mathbb{Z}. \underline{z^2 \geq 0}$$

③ "1369 is a perfect square"

$$\exists s: \mathbb{Z}. s^2 = 1369.$$

④ "n is even"

$$\exists z: \mathbb{Z}. n/2 = z$$

"n is divisible by 2"

$$\boxed{\exists z: \mathbb{Z}. 2z = n.}$$

"n is a multiple of 2".

Def'n. For an integer n ,

$$\text{Even}(n) \equiv \exists k: \mathbb{Z}. 2k = n.$$

⑤ " n is odd"

$$\text{Odd}(n) \equiv \neg \text{Even}(n) \equiv \neg (\exists k: \mathbb{Z}. 2k = n)$$

$$\text{Odd}(n) \equiv \exists k: \mathbb{Z}. n = 2k + 1$$

⑥ "If n is even, then $n+2$ is even."

$$\forall n: \mathbb{Z}. \text{Even}(n) \rightarrow \text{Even}(n+2)$$

De Morgan laws for quantifiers

$$\neg (\forall x: D. P(x)) \equiv \exists x: D. \neg P(x)$$

$$\neg (P(x_1) \wedge P(x_2) \wedge P(x_3) \wedge \dots) \equiv \neg P(x_1) \vee \neg P(x_2) \vee \neg P(x_3) \vee \dots$$

$$\neg (\exists x: D. P(x)) \equiv \forall x: D. \neg P(x)$$