



Frog can hop ± 18 , jump ± 60 . Where can it reach starting from 0?

12?

$$-60 + 18 + 18 + 18 + 18 = 12 \quad \checkmark$$

6?

$$\underline{60 - 3 \cdot 18} = \underline{6} \quad \checkmark$$

3? X

1? X

8? X

— not a multiple of 6.

42252? ✓

42254? X

Theorem. (Bézout's theorem) Let $a, b \in \mathbb{N}$. Then there exist $s, t \in \mathbb{Z}$ such that

$$s \cdot a + t \cdot b = \gcd(a, b).$$

Proof (idea): Define $S = \{ja + kb \mid j, k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$.

Let $d =$ smallest positive element of S .

$a = dq + r$, show $r \in S$. Since $r < d$, d is smallest positive in S , $r = 0 \Rightarrow d \mid a$.

etc.

How to find s, t ? Extended Euclidean Algorithm.

eg $a = 60, b = 18.$

s	t	$60s + 18t$
1	0	60
0	1	18
<u>1</u>	<u>-3</u>	<u>6</u>
		0

$60 \bmod 18 = 60 - 3 \cdot 18 = 6$

$\gcd(60, 18)$

$\gcd(60, 18) = \gcd(18, 60 \bmod 18)$

$60 \cdot 1 + 18 \cdot (-3) = 6.$

eg. $a = 39, b = 16.$

	s	t	$39s + 16t$	q
	1	0	39	
	0	1	16	2
$-2 \times$	1	-2	7	2
$-2 \times$	1	-2	7	2
$-3 \times$	-2	5	2	3
	<u>7</u>	<u>-17</u>	<u>1</u>	
			0	

$\gcd(39, 16)$

$7 \cdot 39 - 17 \cdot 16 = 1.$