

Implication

Defn If p, q are propositions, the conditional or implication

"if p then q " is written $p \rightarrow q$ and pronounced " p implies q "

("if p then q ", " q if p ", ...)
" q when p "

premise/hypothesis conclusion.

p	q	$p \rightarrow q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	T
F	F	T

Defn Given an implication $p \rightarrow q$,

- the converse is $q \rightarrow p$
- the inverse is $\neg p \rightarrow \neg q$
- the contrapositive is $\neg q \rightarrow \neg p$.

Thm An implication and its contrapositive always have the same truth value. On the other hand, the converse + inverse are not necessarily the same.

(Proof: make a truth table!)

Defn Let p, q be propositions. The biconditional $p \leftrightarrow q$ ("p if and only if q", "p iff q") is true when p and q have the same truth value, and false otherwise.

p	q	$p \leftrightarrow q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	F
F	F	T

eg. $(p \rightarrow q) \leftrightarrow (\neg q \rightarrow \neg p)$ is always true, no matter what p, q are.

Def'n A proposition that is always true is called a tautology.

eg.
 $p \vee \neg p$
 $p \rightarrow p$
 $p \leftrightarrow p$
 $p \vee T$

Def'n Two propositions that always have the same truth value are logically equivalent, written $p \equiv q$. Alternatively, $p \equiv q$ when $(p \leftrightarrow q)$ is a tautology.

eg. Show that $p \rightarrow q \equiv \neg p \vee q$.
Make a truth table!

p	q	$p \rightarrow q$	$\neg p \vee q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	T

same!