

Steps for solving problems w/ Dynamic Programming.

- ① try something else! greedy, standard graph alg, ...?
- ① Come up w/ a recurrence. ★ ← hard part.
 - (1a) if subproblems don't overlap, rejoice! → divide & conquer.
- ② Memoize the recurrence — i.e. store outputs in a data structure to avoid recomputation.
- ③ Remember your choices to reconstruct optimal solution.

Example: hit low-stress jobs. Maximize total \$\$ if taking high-stress job requires taking the prev week off.

	①	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	↔ week
L	2	2	1	20	5	40	50	63	
H	1	5	10	100	23	70	100	42	

Greedy?

Doesn't work?

	30	99
	50	100

Recurrence? Let $M(i)$ = max amount we can make if we only work weeks 1–i.

base cases:

$$M(0) = 0$$

$$M(1) = \max(L[1], H[1])$$

general recursive case:

$$M(n) = \max \begin{cases} L[n] + M(n-1) \\ H[n] + M(n-2) \end{cases}$$

Overlapping subproblems, so memoize!

	①	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
L	2	2	1	20	5	40	50	63
H	1	5	10	100	23	70	100	42
M	0	2	5	12	105	110		
J		L	H	H	H	L	H	L

①(n) time to fill in tables!

To reconstruct actual best schedule:

- Create another array, J , where

$J[i]$ = which job should you take in week i to maximize earnings in weeks $1-i$.

When taking max of $L[i] + M(i-1)$ and $H[i] + M(i-2)$, fill in $J[i]$ depending on which was bigger.

- Work backwards through J , follow the same recurrence, to reconstruct actual best schedule.